

GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY



INFORMATION FACILITY

Making a difference with
biodiversity data: impacts on
conservation and development

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NATIONAL MUSEUMS OF KENYA
WHERE HERITAGE LIVES ON

**KENBIF Stakeholder
Consultation Workshop**
Nairobi, 8th to 9th June 2011

Countries currently face critical environmental and conservation problems

- Climate change
- Ecosystem services
- Land (and sea) management
 - (use, conservation, sustainability)
- Water quality
- Fisheries
- GMOs management
- Emerging diseases
- ...

Surely you are already working to solve those problems, or at least to understand them

..and chances are that your “information systems” do not talk to each other

Besides

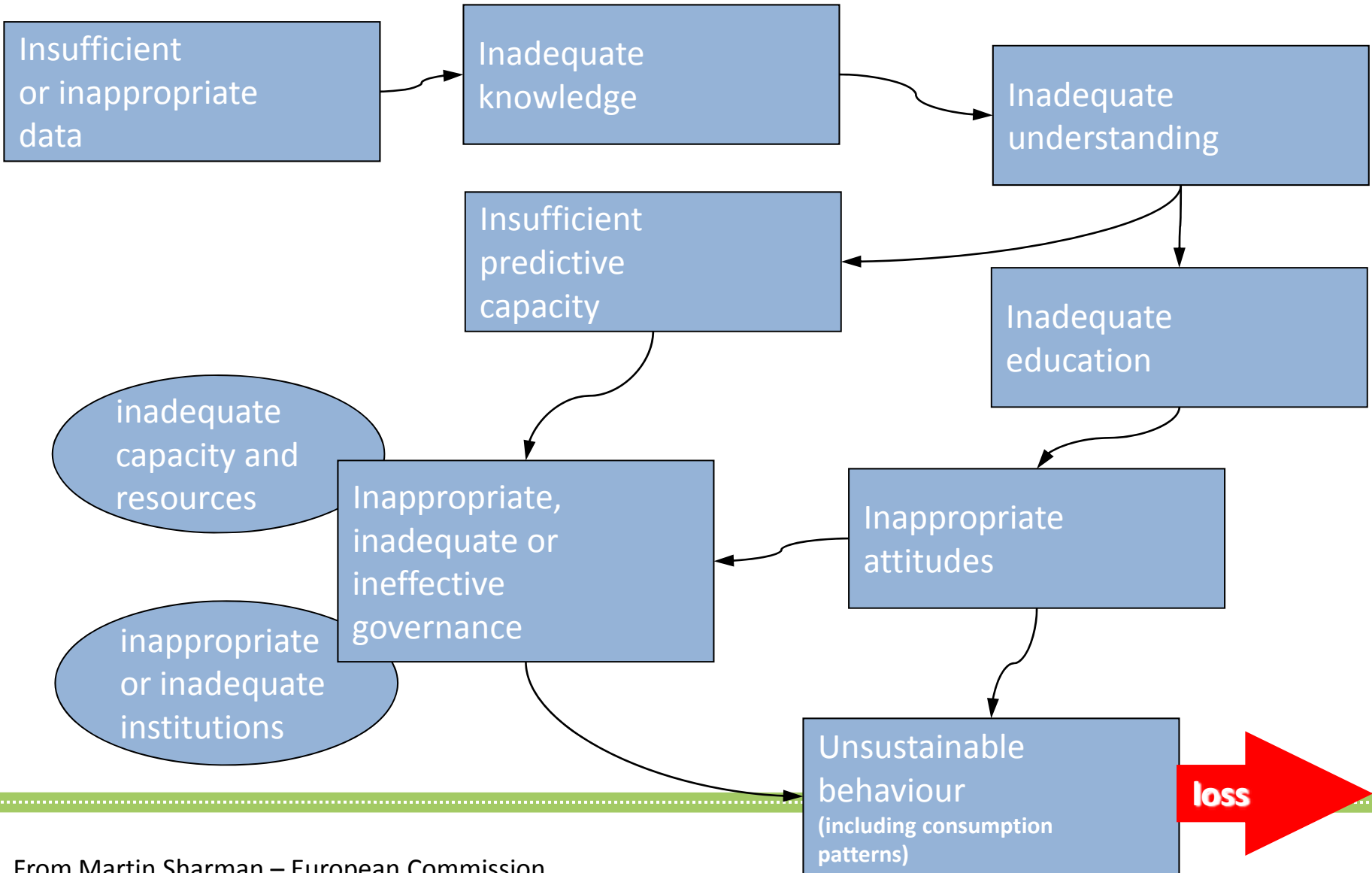


"Countries can no longer make decisions on the important environmental problems that we are now facing--such as those related to climate as well as those to natural environment and biodiversity-- without the essential basis of the **best scientific information available**"

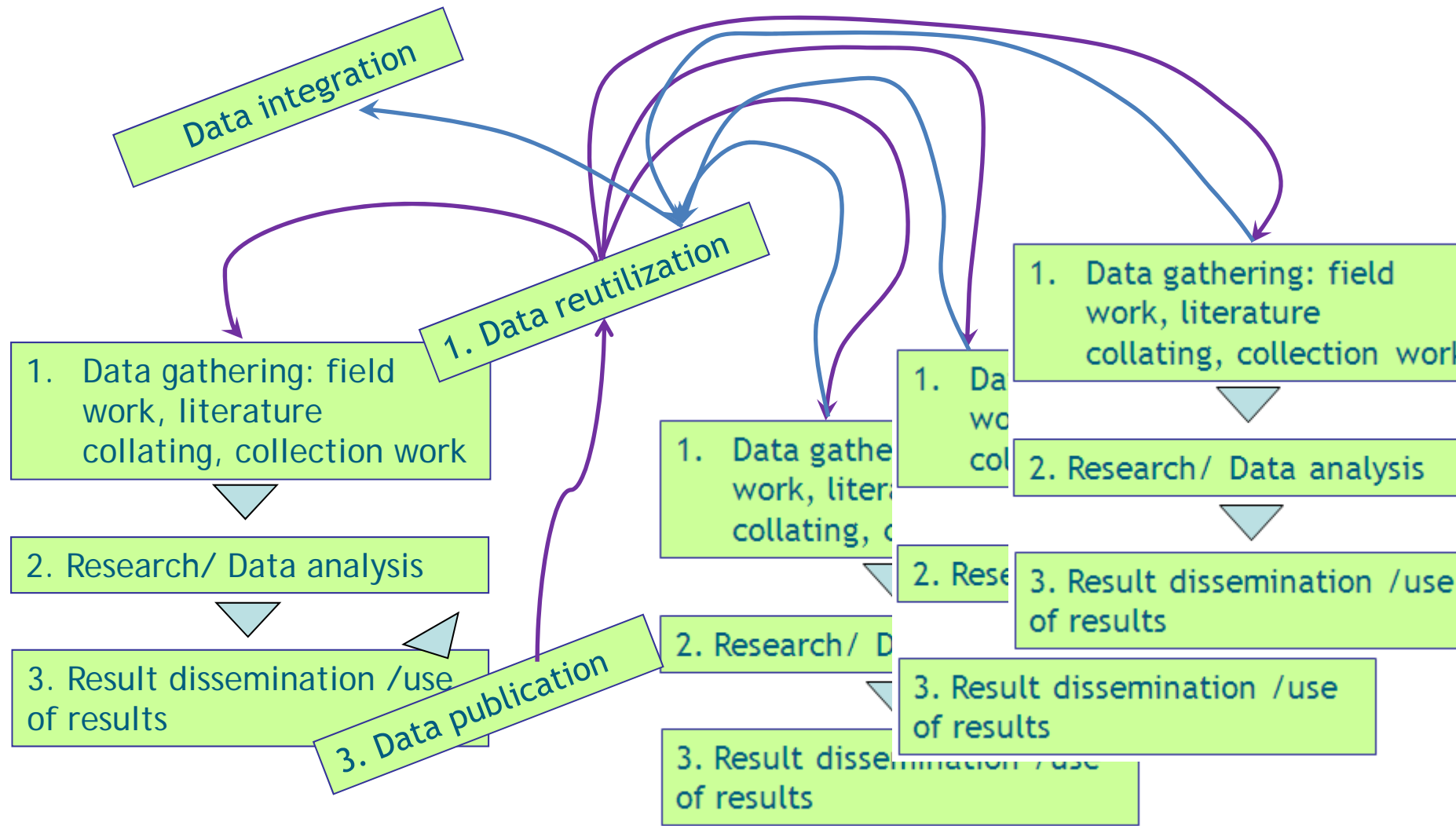
Ana Luisa Guzmán,
Executive Secretary, CONABIO, México

One of the stated priorities of the Obama Administration is to promote transparency and openness in governance, including in the dissemination and use of scientific data and information, and the use of **factual scientific information** in the formation of government policy and official decisions...

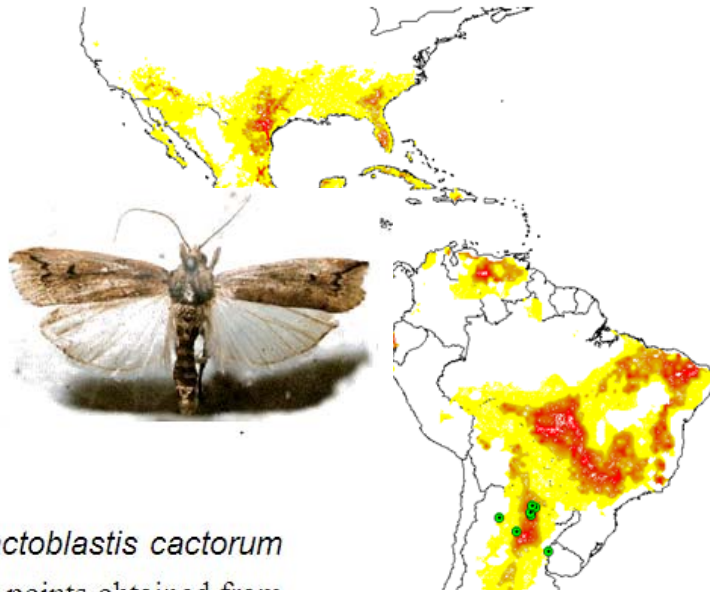
Road to disaster



The fact is that we are doing mini-GBIFs



- Without GBIF



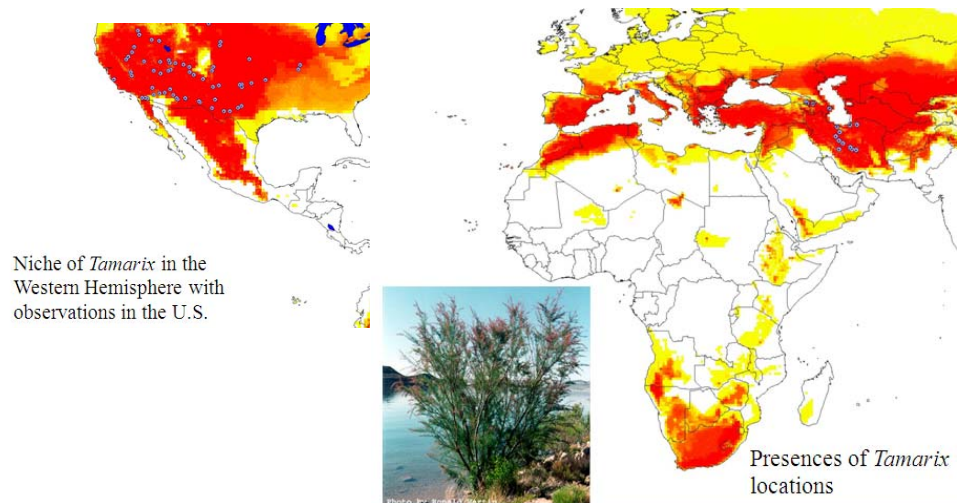
Cactoblastis cactorum

Data points of the NMNH,

The *C. cactorum* analysis took more than one year. Visits were made to USA, Australia took almost four years to provide their data. San Diego, Missouri and Smithsonian queried their own databases quickly. Arizona was not computerized.

The results were adopted by Mexico's Minister of Agriculture. Base for collaboration with the USA

- With GBIF



Niche of *Tamarix* in the Western Hemisphere with observations in the U.S.

Presences of *Tamarix* locations

- This is a post-GBIF analysis. The data was obtained, literally, in 30 seconds.
- A map was presented to SEMARNAT, the Ministry of the Environment who started a program of eradication. The results are being refined to higher resolution

You have a choice:



- Doing everything by yourself
And that is what pioneer countries like Australia and Mexico had to do
- Joining GBIF and taking the fast track

“Reviewing a hundred web sites and visiting a couple of leading institutions is not substitute for being part of it. Building the foundation of a biodiversity data infrastructure is not a one-time exercise “

If you join GBIF --or you are part of it-- what you should not do is:

Not implementing a national program for having and using access to biodiversity data; or doing it as an exercise disconnected of GBIF

Culture change - Publishing data - Demanding data to be published –

Infrastructure – Servers – Connectivity – Community Support –

Education – Training – creating a new generation of scientists and professionals - ...

- But GBIF it is not what is already there or done -- which is a lot.
 - It is alive
 - Being part of GBIF is also about what can be done, - future
-

- GBIF
 - Community of practitioners
 - Portals
 - Protocols
 - Building communities
 - Analyzing data
- TDWG

<http://www.tdwg.org/>

Welcome to TDWG

The **International Working Group on Taxonomic Databases (TDWG)** is a not-for-profit, scientific and educational association formed to establish international collaboration among the creators, managers and users of biodiversity information so as to promote the wider and more effective dissemination of information about the world's heritage of biological organisms for the benefit of the world at large.

To achieve its goals, TDWG: a) develops, adopts and promotes standards and guidelines for the recording and exchange of data about organisms; b) promotes their use through the most appropriate and effective means; c) acts as a forum for discussion through meetings and publication. → [More](#)

TDWG Prior Standards

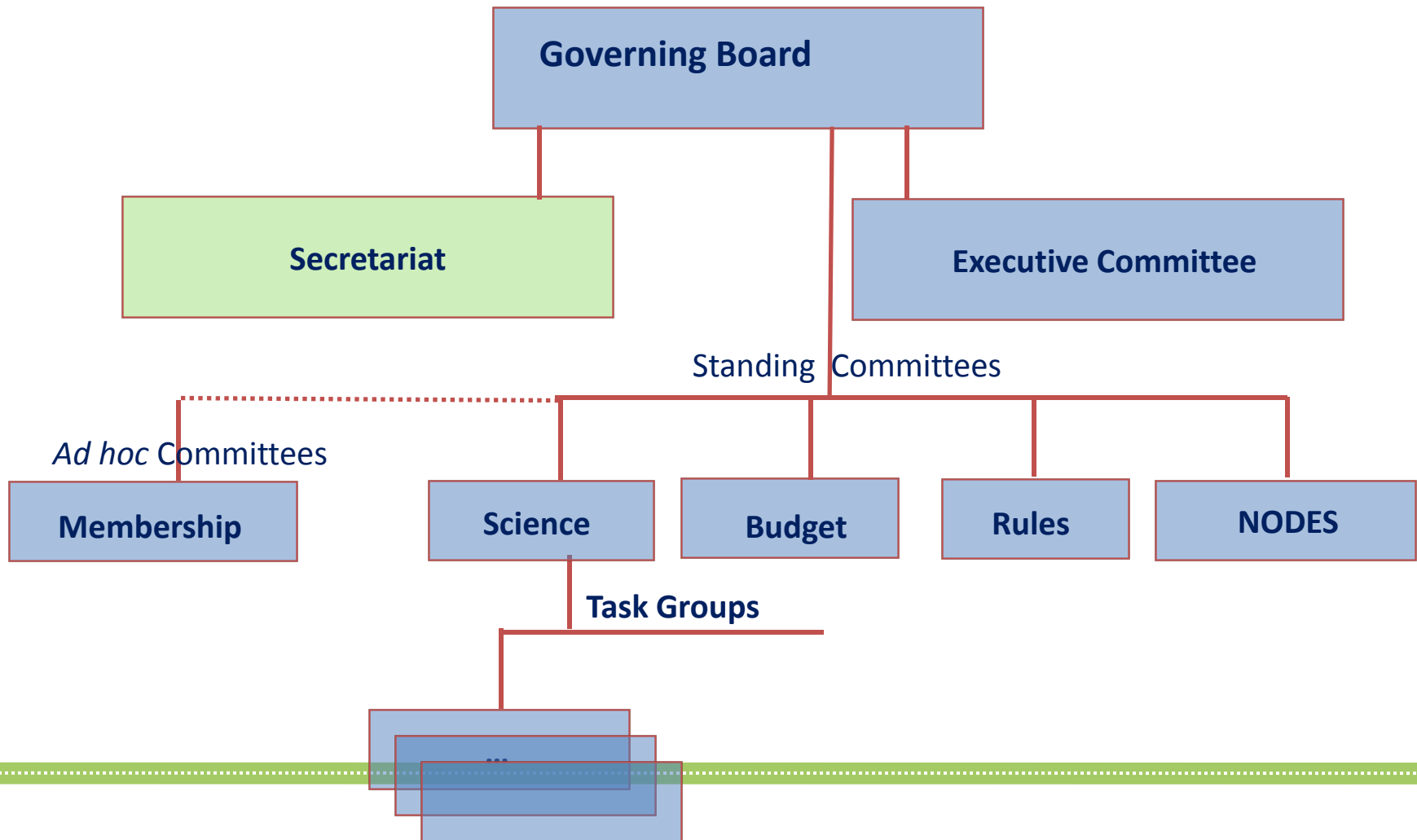
Following standards have been ratified by TDWG prior to the

TDWG Standards

ID	Title	Status
85	TDWG Standards Documentation Specification	Draft
87	TDWG Life Sciences Identifiers Applicability Statement	Draft

Be at the driver's wheel

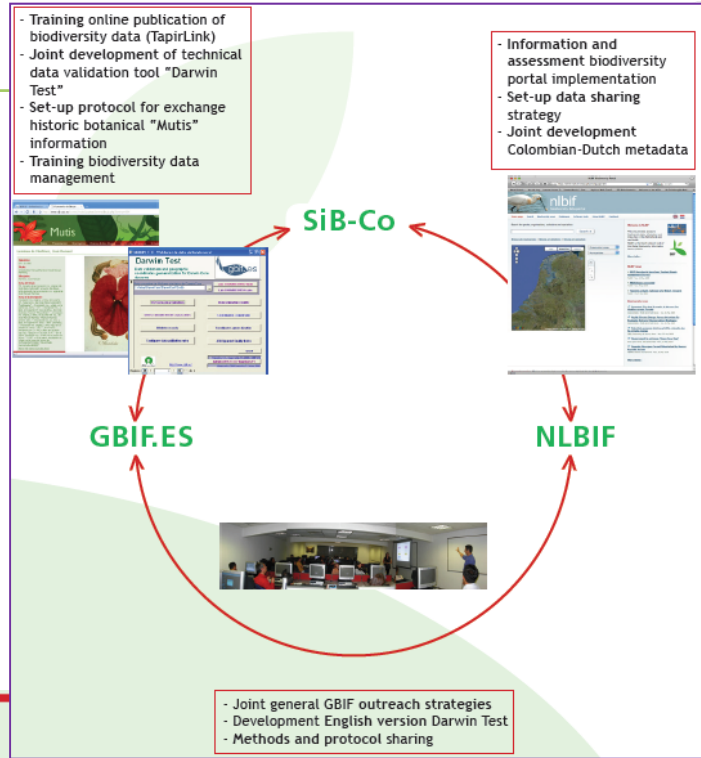
- Priorities, focus, flavour





Example 1

- Mentoring 2008
 - Colombia
 - Netherlands
 - Spain



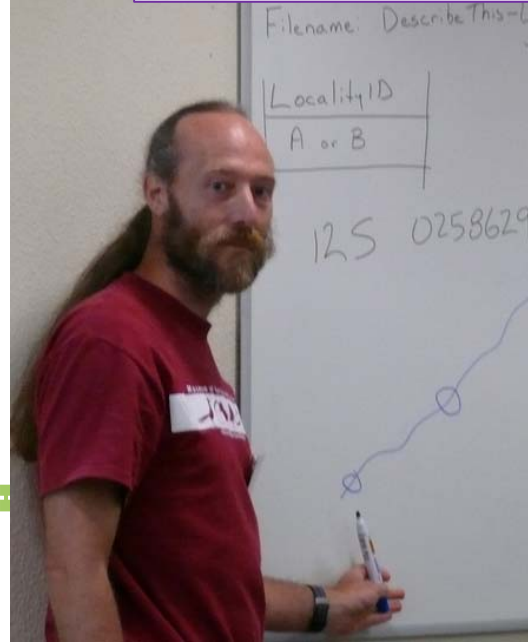
Key results:

- **Data mobilisation:** Hundreds of thousands of Colombian records published by participants of the technical GBIF.ES training
- **Capacity Building:** Over 40 Colombian researchers trained in GBIF related skills
- **Implementation:** Taxonomic authority files for data exchange Spain - Colombia
- **Technological transfer:**
 - Translation of Colombian metadata software (Cassia) into English
 - Trial with Colombian metadata Nodes "abroad"
 - Implementation of Colombian metadata Node in the Netherlands
 - Joint further development of validation tools (Darwin Test)
- **Fundraising:** Set-up of research proposal for the digitization of Colombian biodiversity research data from Dutch research groups
- **Spin-off:** 4 major spin-off projects under way

Example 2

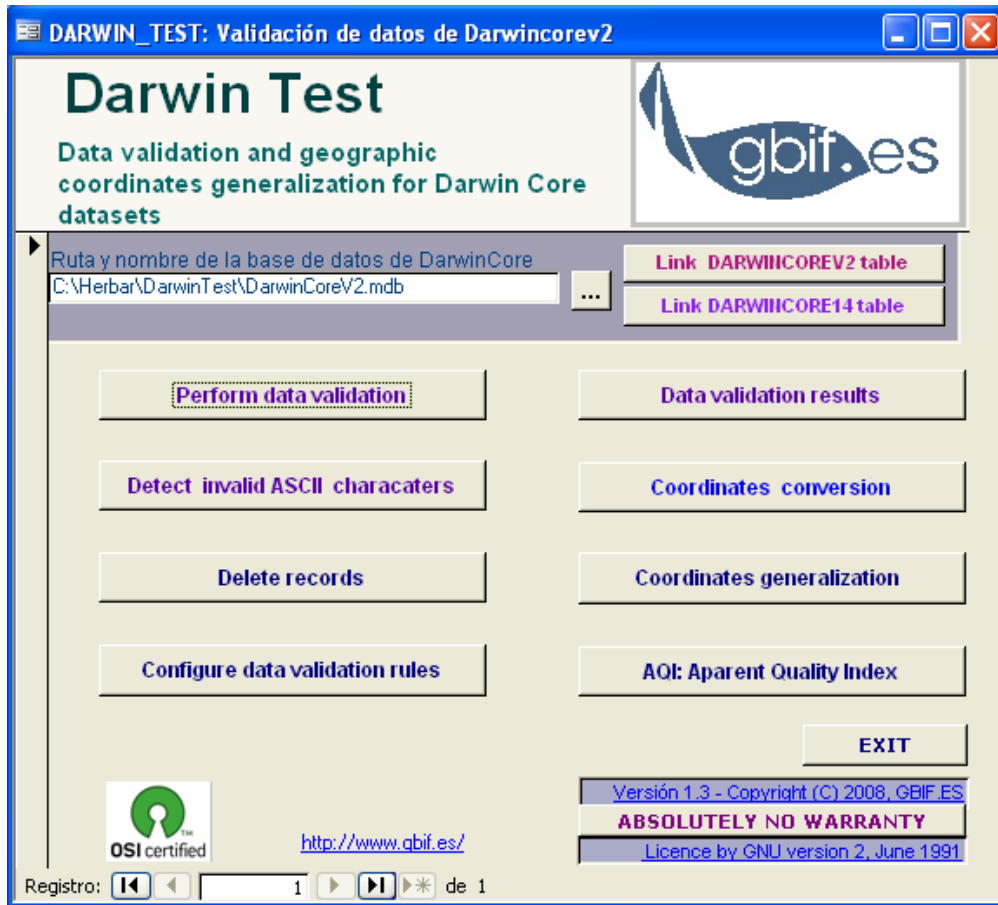
Georeferencing training

- “Joint venture” Secretariat – Node
 - Maximizing resources, initiative, impact



Example 3

Data cleaning and validation tool



<http://www.sp2000.org/>



<http://www.siac.net.co/sib/aat>



http://www.gbif.es/darwin_test/Darwin_Test_in.php

Example 4



– Biodiversity Monitoring Network

- Setting a network of observatories all over Spain to track changes in plant communities in connection with climate change, invasive species and land use changes.
- It is planning that the network will use GBIF technology and concepts...

.... It is not the data, it is the methods, IT architecture, and the know-how of GBIF that matter here

As a way of conclusion



- GBIF is much more than just data:
 - Advanced technology, proven methods, expertise, coordination
 - Data to be reused and integrated
 - Closing the gap between Science and Management
 - For you to get the most of GBIF, you have to participate in it, and to link that participation to your national initiatives on biodiversity information
- ... or use it to build a national biodiversity data infrastructure

- Data handling; tools for:
 - Data capturing
 - Data management
 - Data visualization
 - Data cleaning & validation
 - Discovery
 - Integration
 - Knowledge
 - Training
 - Best practices
 - Experts
 - digitalization
 - Tools
 - Coordination
 - Communication
 - Collaboration framework
 - Resources
 - Publishing
 - Standards
 - Servers
 - Connectivity
 - Portals
 - Storage
 - Agreements /credit framework
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At your command



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